

Appendix A: Priority Commitments: 2004 Sea Island Summit Compliance Cycle

1. Broader Middle East and North Africa: Democracy Assistance Dialogue

“Establish with willing partners in the region a Democracy Assistance Dialogue that will, under the auspices of the Forum for the Future, bring together in a collaborative and transparent environment willing governments, civil society groups and other organizations from the G8, EU and others, and countries in the region to:

- Coordinate and share information and lessons learned on democracy programs in the region, taking into account the importance of local ownership and each country’s particular circumstances;
- Work to enhance existing democracy programs or initiate new programs;
- Provide opportunities for participants to develop joint activities, including twinning projects;
- Promote and strengthen democratic institutions and processes, as well as capacity-building;
- Foster exchanges with civil society groups and other organizations working on programs in the region.”

G8 Plan of Support for Reform

2. Broader Middle East and North Africa: Iraqi Elections

“We pledge to provide support and assistance for the electoral process leading to national elections for the Transitional National Authority [of Iraq] no later than January 31, 2005.”

*Partnership for Progress and a Common Future
with the Region of the Broader Middle East and North Africa*

3. World Economy

“We agreed it was important to take advantage of the strong global economic environment to implement further reforms to accelerate growth in our countries.”

G8 Sea Island Summit Chair’s Summary

4. Trade: Doha Development Agenda

“The progressive integration by developing countries of trade into their development policies and poverty reduction strategies is crucial for their integration in the global economy, and will increase the benefits they derive from the multilateral trading system. We call on developing countries to further increase their efforts in this regard, and pledge to provide strong support in the form of technical assistance to build their trading.”

G8 Leaders Statement on Trade

5. Trade: Technical Assistance

“We call on developing countries to further increase their efforts in this regard, and pledge to provide strong support in the form of technical assistance to build their trading.”

G8 Leaders Statement on Trade

6. Energy

“We recognized the need for balanced energy policies, which increase energy supplies and encourage more efficient energy use and conservation, including through new technologies.”

G8 Sea Island Summit Chair’s Summary

7. Environment: Sustainable Development

“Held First and Second Earth Observation Summits (EOS) and adopted a Framework document on a Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS). Planning to adopt a final 10-year strategic implementation plan on GEOSS at Third EOS in 2005 and working to identify the international mechanism to provide coordination and oversight for GEOSS.”

*Science and Technology for Sustainable Development:
“3r” Action Plan and Progress on Implementation*

8. Nonproliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction

“...for the intervening year [between the Sea Island and Gleneagles Summits], we agree that it would be prudent not to inaugurate new initiatives involving transfer of enrichment and reprocessing equipment and technologies to additional states. We call on all states to adopt this strategy with prudence.”

G8 Action Plan for Nonproliferation

9. Terrorism: Counter-Terrorism Action Group — Finance

“We will develop a diplomatic strategy to urge speedy consideration of ratification of the TOC [Transnational Organized Crime] Convention and coordinate with others, including donors to the UN Office on Drugs and Crime, to provide technical assistance to promote implementation of the Convention.”

Fighting Corruption and Improving Transparency

10. Transnational Crime, Transparency and Corruption

“We support our [Home Affairs and Justice] Ministers’ determination to detect, recover and return these illicitly acquired assets, including by:

- establishing G8 accelerated response teams;
- enhancing G8 asset recovery case coordination; and

- holding G8 asset recovery workshops.
- To meet these goals, we will ensure that:
- each of our countries has rules in place by Summer 2005, where possible, to require due diligence for “politically exposed persons” accounts;
- each of our countries has rules in place, preferably by 12/31/04, to require wire transfer originator information;
- we create G8 best practices for modalities of disposition and return; and
- we explore effective measures to recover assets in corruption cases.

Fighting Corruption and Improving Transparency

11. Debt Relief: Highly Indebted Poor Countries Initiative

“We are committed to fully implementing the HIPC initiative and to supporting debt sustainability in the poorest countries through debt relief and grant financing. To that end, we have asked our finance ministers to:

- Work with other donors and the other international financial institutions to extend the sunset date of the HIPC initiative until December 31, 2006 and to provide the necessary financing for the completion of the initiative, including topping up where appropriate.
- Consider further measures that can help the poorest countries further address the sustainability of their debt.”

Debt Sustainability for the Poorest

12. Transport Security

“Accelerate development of international standards for the interoperability of government-issued smart chip passports and other government-issued identity documents. We will for implementation by the 2005 Summit.”

G8 Secure and Facilitated International Travel Initiative

13. Finance Development: Entrepreneurship, Official Development Assistance and the International Finance Facility

“In anticipation of the UN-designated “international year of micro-credit” in 2005, G8 countries will work with the World Bank-based Consultative Group to Assist the Poor (CGAP) to launch a global market-based microfinance initiative.”

G8 Action Plan: Applying the Power of Entrepreneurship to the Eradication of Poverty

14. Infectious Diseases: HIV/AIDS

“We believe the time is right for the major scientific and other stakeholders –both public and private sector, in developed and developing countries — to come together in a more organized fashion....We endorse this concept and call for the establishment of a Global HIV Vaccine Enterprise.”

G8 Action to Endorse and Establish a Global HIV Vaccine Enterprise

15. Infectious Diseases: Polio

“We are pleased that the financing gap for 2004 has now been closed through our efforts and those of others. We are determined to close the 2005 financing gap by the 2005 G8 Summit through the contributions of the G8 and other public and private donors.”

G8 Commitment to Help Stop Polio Forever

16. Peace Support Operations in Africa

“Therefore, we commit, consistent with our national laws, to: ... Work with interested parties, before the next Summit, to develop a transportation and logistics support arrangement, which will help provide countries with transportation to deploy to peace support operations and logistics support to sustain units in the field. This kind of arrangement, which will take into account existing efforts, should address a key capabilities gap that often prevents timely intervention in crises.”

G8 Action Plan: Expanding Global Capability for Peace Support Operations

17. Famine and Food Security in Africa

“Although harvests improved in 2003-04, substantial emergency assistance will still be required for Ethiopia, Eritrea, Somalia, and Sudan, in part because of political instability and displacement of populations due to conflicts...Working with other donors, we will do our part to ensure that emergency needs, including food, are met.”

Ending the Cycle of Famine in the Horn of Africa, Raising Agricultural Productivity and Promoting Rural Development in Food Insecure Countries

18. Regional Security: Sudan

“We pledge our countries’ assistance in ending the conflicts in Sudan and in providing humanitarian aid to those in need.”

G8 Statement on Sudan